Trial in Progress: Open-Label Phase 1 Study to Evaluate Safety of SGN-35C in Adults With Select Relapsed/ Refractory Lymphomas (SGN35C-001)

Objective



To describe a phase 1 study that is evaluating the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and preliminary antitumor activity of SGN-35C in patients with R/R CD30-expressing lymphoid malignancies.

Conclusions



Enrollment for dose escalation is ongoing in the US, EU, and UK.

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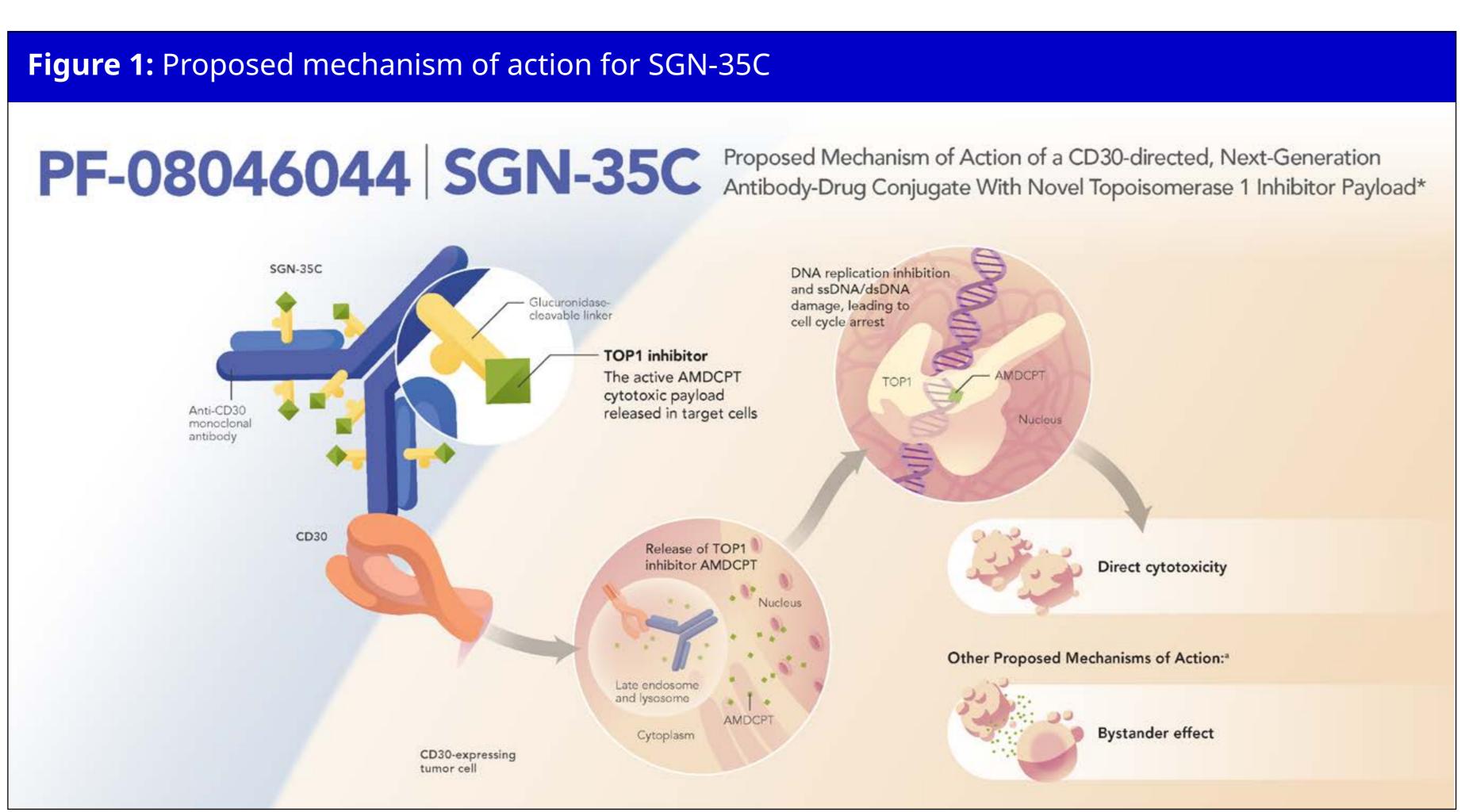
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Presented at the 66th American Society of Hematology (ASH) Annual Meeting, December 7–10, 2024, San Diego, CA, USA Alex Herrera¹, Swetha Kambhampati Thiruvengadam¹, Michael Spinner², Christina Poh³, Elizabeth Phillips⁴, Vincent Ribrag⁵, Mingjin Yan⁶, Tara L. Chen⁶, Julie Vose⁷

¹City of Hope, Duarte, CA, USA; ²University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, CA, USA; ³Fred Hutchinson Cancer Center, Seattle, WA, USA; ⁴Division of Cancer Sciences, University of Manchester, The Christie NHS Foundation Trust, Manchester, UK; ⁵Institut Gustave Roussy, Villejuif, France; ⁶Pfizer Inc., Bothell, WA, USA; ⁷University of Nebraska Medical Center, Omaha, NE, USA.

Background

- Patients with relapsed/refractory (R/R) lymphomas have limited treatment options and poor mortality rates versus patients with non-R/R disease.¹⁻³
- CD30 is an established therapeutic target in R/R lymphoid malignancies.⁴
- Brentuximab vedotin (BV) is a CD30-directed antibody-drug conjugate (ADC) with demonstrated clinical benefit in classical Hodgkin lymphoma and peripheral T-cell lymphoma.⁵
- SGN-35C is an investigational ADC comprised of the same CD30-directed mAb as BV, conjugated to a novel topoisomerase I inhibitor via a protease-cleavable glucuronide linker.⁶ (**Figure 1**).
- ADCs utilizing topoisomerase 1 inhibitors are anticipated to have a distinct tolerability profile compared to vedotin ADCs.⁶
- Preclinically, SGN-35C elicits efficient binding, internalization, and cytotoxicity in CD30+ tumor cells, and induces antitumor activity via direct cytotoxicity and bystander effect including in BV-resistant lymphoma models, providing rationale to clinically develop SGN-35C.⁶
- SGN-35C is currently being investigated in the phase 1 study SGN35C-001 (NCT06254495).



AMDCPT = 7-aminomenthyl-10, 11-methendioxycamptothecin; CD30 = cluster of differentiation 30; dsDNA = double-stranded DNA; ssDNA = single-stranded DNA; OP1 = topoisomerase 1

^aAdditional mechanisms of action and their potential to complement the direct cytoxicity of some camptothecin-based antibody-drug conjugates are currently under investigation

*SGN-35C is an investigational agent, and its safety and efficacy have not been established. ©2024 Pfizer Inc., All rights reserved.

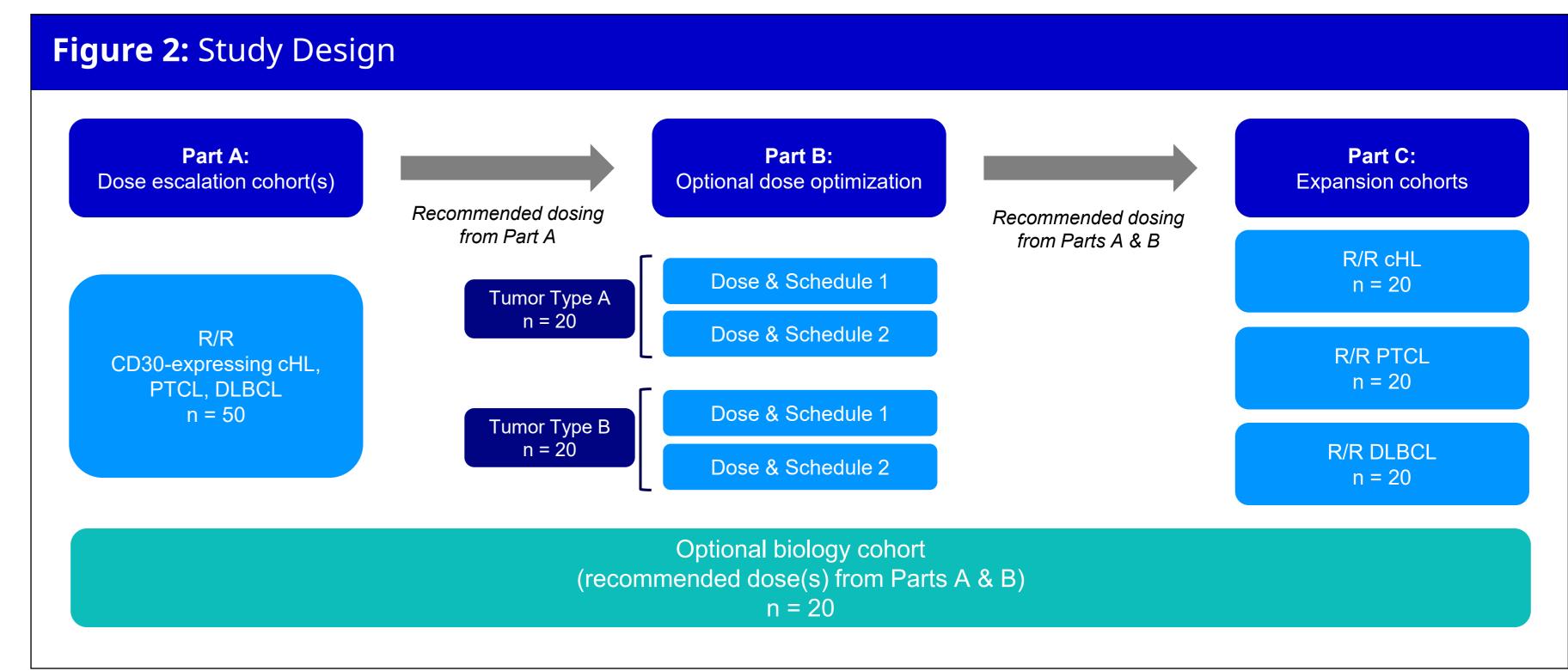
Eligibility Criteria

Key inclusion criteria

- Enrolled patients must be ≥18 years of age, have measurable disease per Lugano, and an Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group Performance Status score ≤1.
- Patients must have histologically confirmed R/R lymphoid malignancy as per the 2016 World Health Organization (WHO) classification, with no standard therapy available.
- Eligible lymphoma subtypes include:
- Classical Hodgkin lymphoma (cHL)
- Peripheral T cell lymphoma (PTCL)
- Diffuse large B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL)
- For Parts A and B, in patients with PTCL or DLBCL, CD30 expression must be ≥1% in tumor tissue from the most recent biopsy or obtained at or after relapse, as determined by local pathology except in diagnoses where CD30 is universally expressed.
- For Part C, patients are eligible irrespective of CD30 expression and must provide tumor tissue for evaluation; the number of prior therapies permitted is dependent on histologic subtype.

Study Design

- SGN35C-001 is a first-in-human, open-label, multicenter, global, phase 1 dose-escalation and dose-expansion study to assess the safety, tolerability, pharmacokinetics (PK), pharmacodynamics, and antitumor activity of SGN-35C in patients with select relapsed/refractory (R/R) lymphomas (**Table 1**).
- Patients will be enrolled into dose-escalation (Part A), optional dose-optimization (Part B), dose-expansion (Part C), and optional biology cohorts (**Figure 2**).



cHL = chronic Hodgkin lymphoma; DLBCL = diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; PTCL = peripheral T-cell lymphoma; R/R=relapsed/refractory

Table 1. Study objectives and endpoints

Objectives	Endpoint
Primary	
Characterize safety and tolerability	 Incidence and severity of adverse events and laboratory abnormalities Frequency of dose modifications due to AEs
Identify MTD	• Incidence of DLTs
Identify recommended dose (Parts A and B)	• Incidence of DLTs and cumulative safety by dose level
Secondary	
Characterize PK	• Estimates of selected PK parameters
Characterize immunogenicity	• Incidence of ADA
Assess antitumor activity (response-based)	 ORR and CR rate, as assessed by the investigator DOR

ADA = antidrug antibodies; AE = adverse event; CR = complete response; DLT = dose-limiting toxicity; DOR = duration of response; MTD = maximum tolerated dose; ORR = objective response rate; PK = pharmacokinetic

Key exclusion criteria

- Estimated life expectancy <12 weeks
- History of another malignancy within 3 years before first dose of study drug or any evidence of residual disease from a previously diagnosed malignancy
- Active cerebral/meningeal disease related to underlying malignancy
- Autologous stem cell transplant (SCT) <12 weeks prior to the first dose
- Allogenic SCT in <100 days or active acute or chronic graft vs host disease or receiving immunosuppressive therapy for graft vs host disease
- Significant cytomegalovirus infection
- Grade ≥2 pulmonary or interstitial lung disease
- Clinically significant lung disease requiring treatment with systemic corticosteroids within 6 months prior to enrollment
- History of clinically significant GI disease or complications